## Heat Shock (1):

## Materials Needed:

Competent DH5a E. coli cells

Plasmid

LB

Water bath

LB with antibiotic plates

Eppendorf tubes

**Pipets** 

## Protocol:

- 1. Take competent DH5α *E. coli* cells from -80°C. In an Eppendorf tube, put 50μL for transforming a DNA construct or 100 μL for transforming a ligation. More or less cells are required depending on how competent the cells are. Keep the tubes on ice
- 2. Turn on water bath to 42°C
- 3. Add 1 µL of circular DNA into the *E. coli* cells.
- 4. Incubate on ice for 10 minutes
- 5. Place tube(s) with DNA and *E. coli* into the 42°C water bath for 45 seconds
- 6. Place tubes back on ice for 2 minutes to reduce damage to the E. coli cells
- 7. Add 1 mL of LB (with no antibiotic added) into each tube.
- 8. Incubate tubes for 30 minutes to 1 hour at 37°C, chose the latter if transforming a ligation
- 9. Spread about 100  $\mu$ L of the resulting culture on LB plates (with appropriate antibiotic added) Grow overnight and pick colonies once grown.

## References

1. Teruel, M. (2003). Transformation Protocol Using Heat Shock. Stanford databases. Retrieved from <a href="http://web.stanford.edu/~teruel1/Protocols/">http://web.stanford.edu/~teruel1/Protocols/</a>.